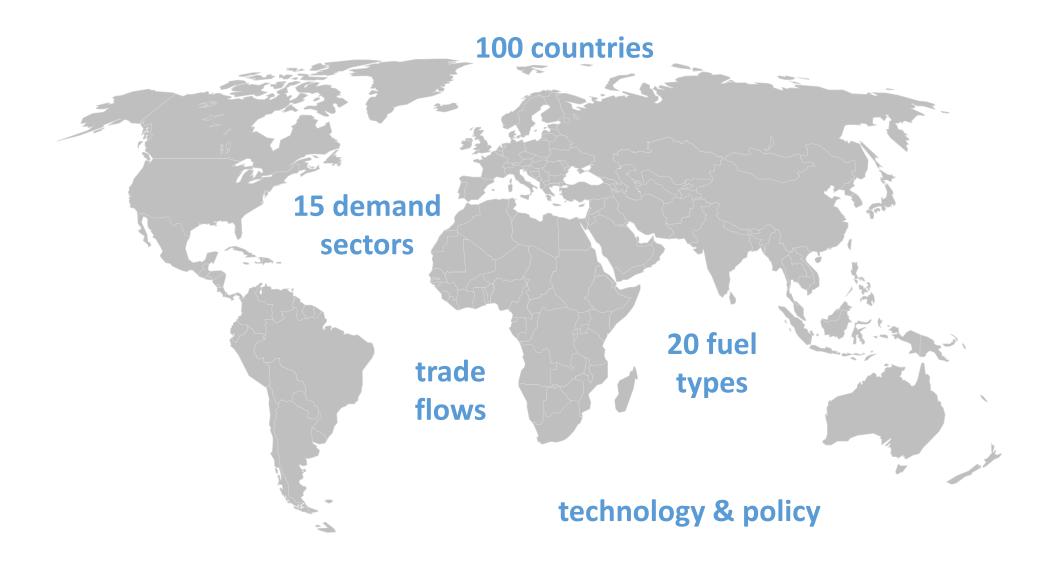


## **Energy Outlook Development**







**FUNDAMENTALS** The economy and population drive energy demand

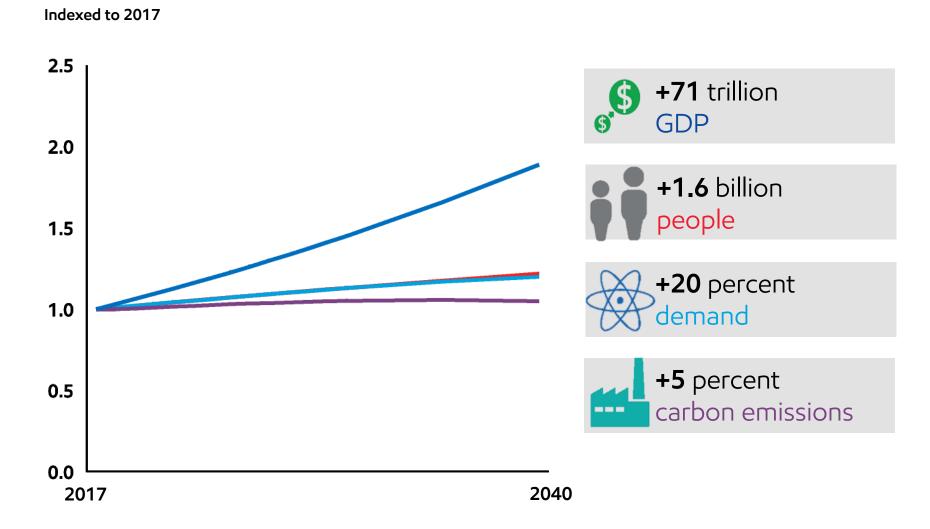


# Daily energy demand





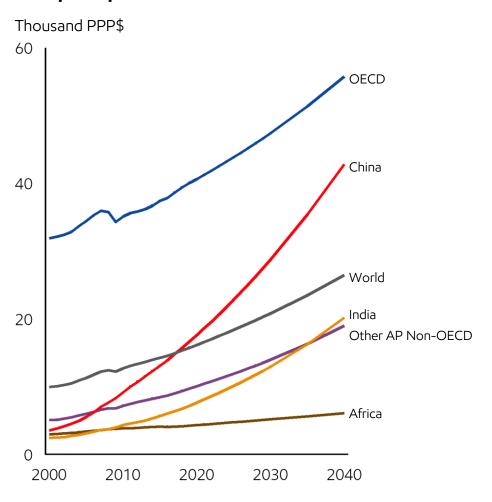
## World Energy Trends



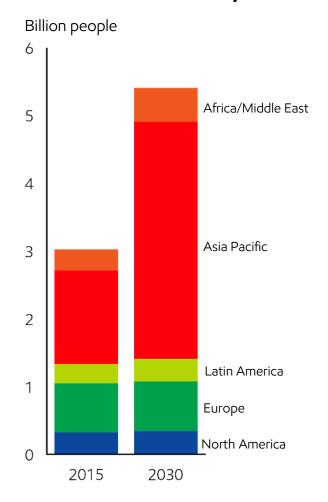


# Purchasing Power expands

#### GDP per capita



#### Global middle class nearly doubles

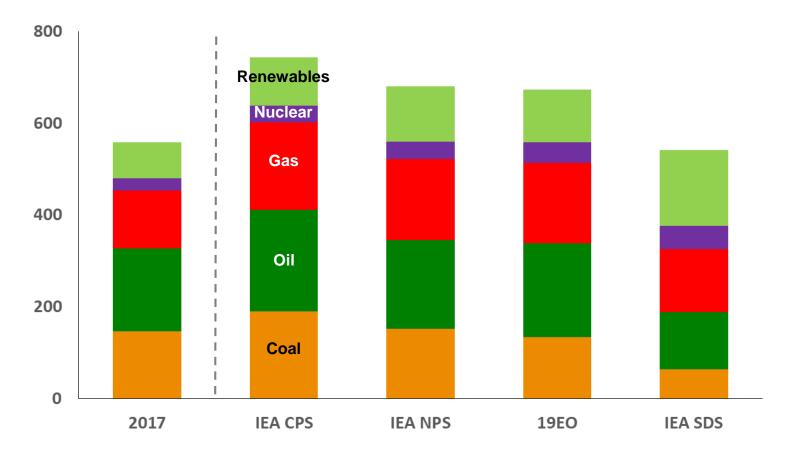


Source: The Brookings Institution - Global Economy & Development 2017

# The Energy Challenge

#### 2040 Global Demand: Outlook vs. IEA Scenarios

Quadrillion BTUs



Source: Estimates based on IEA World Energy Outlook 2018 and 2019 Outlook for Energy; includes adjustments to common basis



### DEMAND: THREE DRIVERS

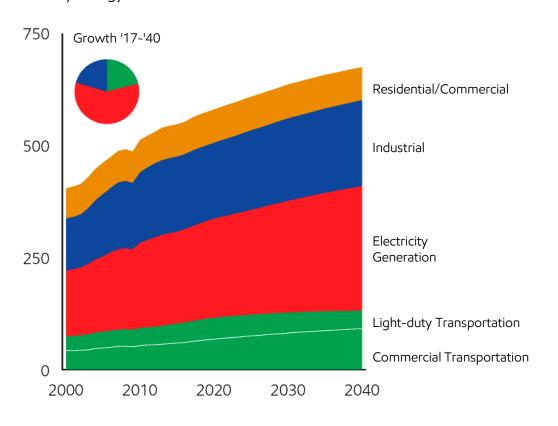
POLICY. TECHNOLOGY. CONSUMER PREFERENCES. All three impact how the world uses energy.



## Energy trends vary by sector and geography

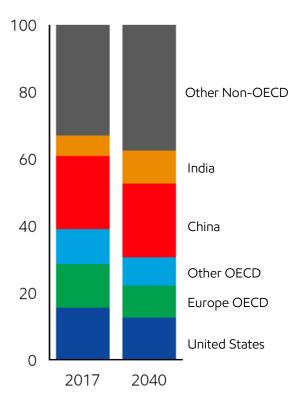
#### Global energy demand by sector

Primary energy – Quadrillion BTUs



#### Relative energy demand by region

Percent of primary energy (%)



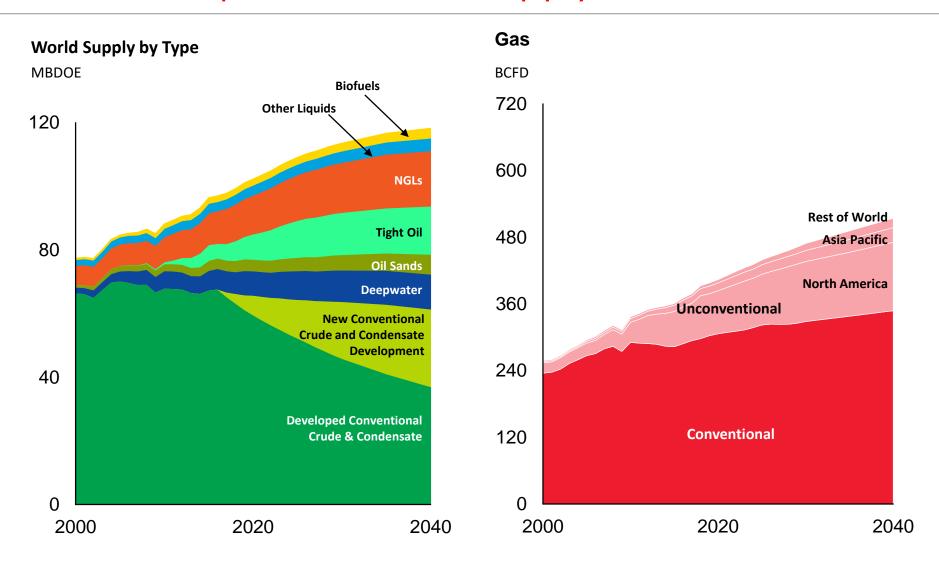




#### An evolving energy supply mix is required to meet growing demand

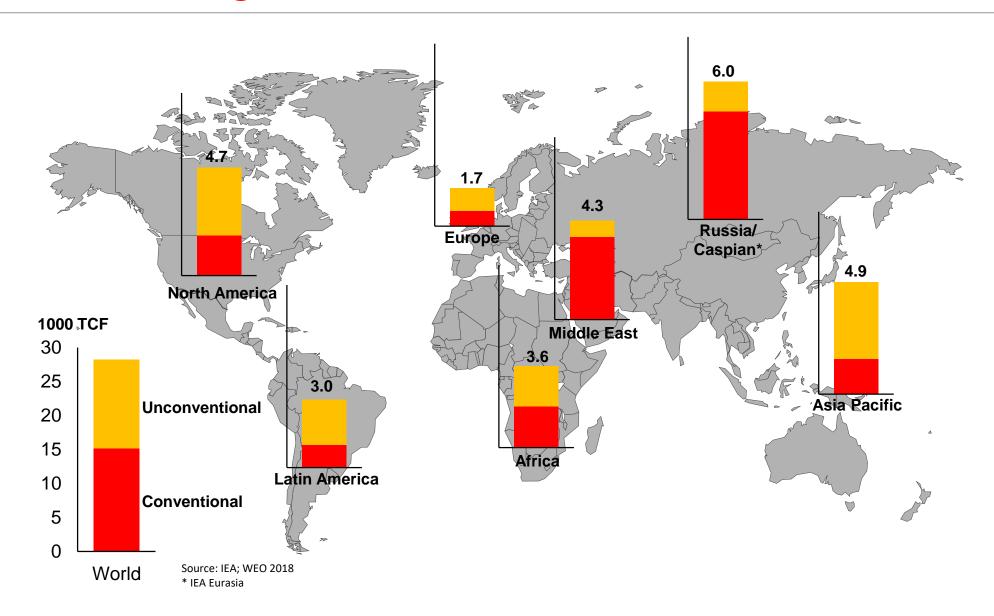


## Global Liquids and Gas Supply



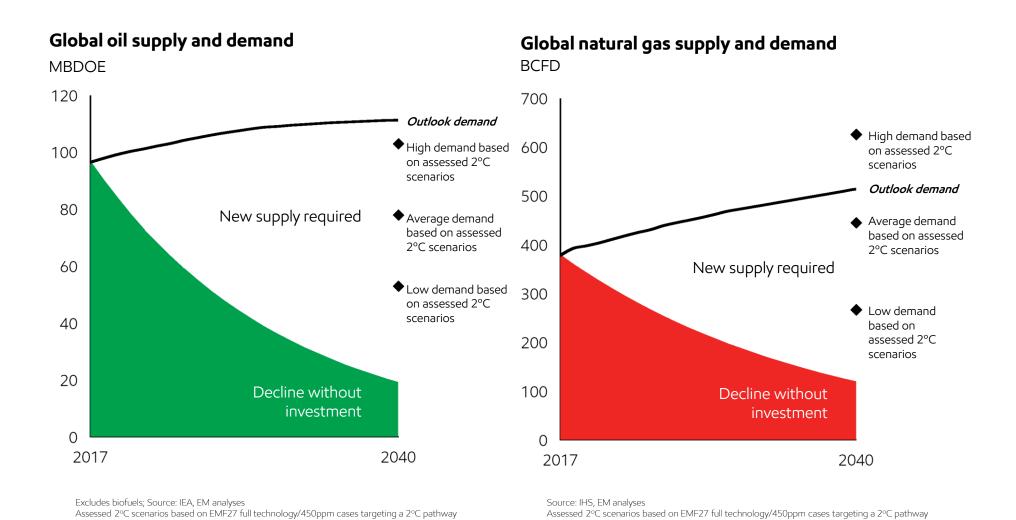


## Remaining Global Gas Resource



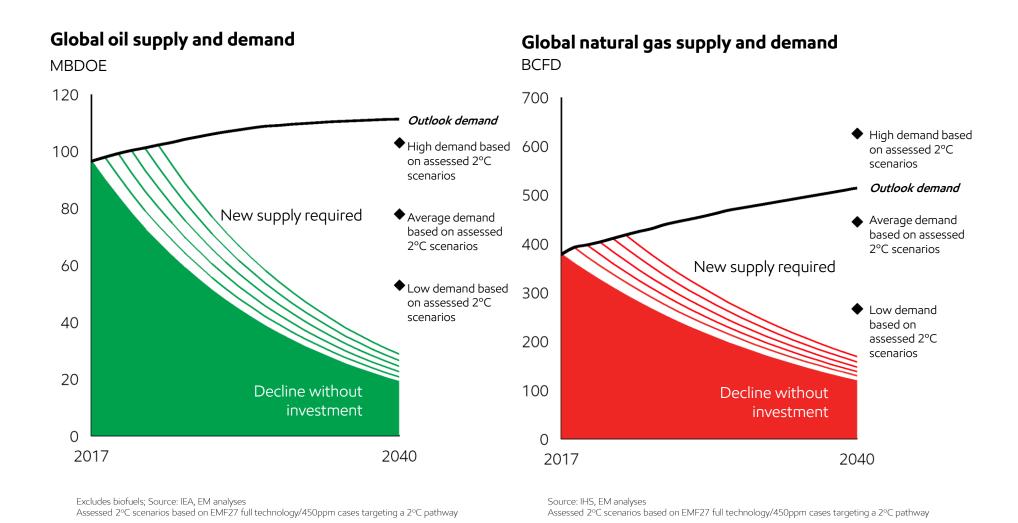


### Supply / demand gap warrant investment





### Supply / demand gap warrant investment



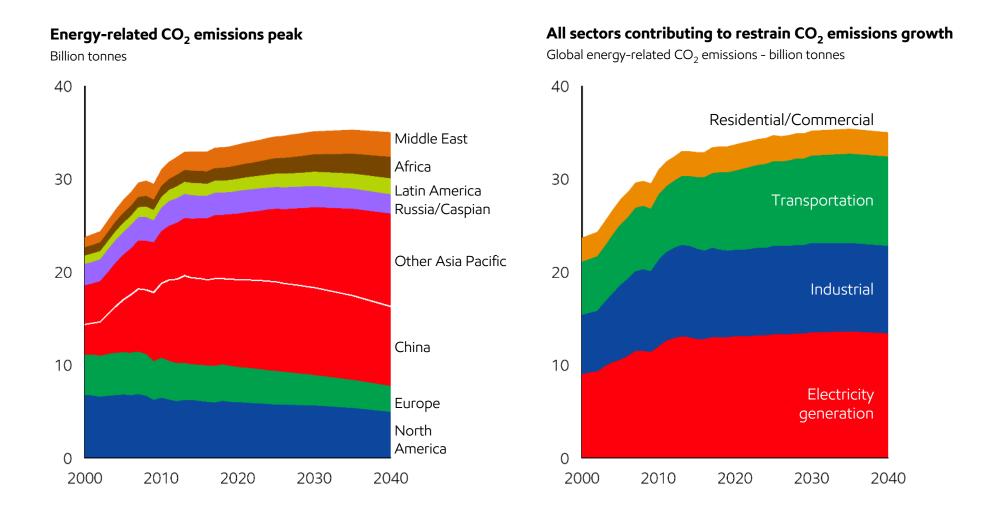


### **EMISSIONS**

Energy-related CO2 emissions projected to peak before 2040

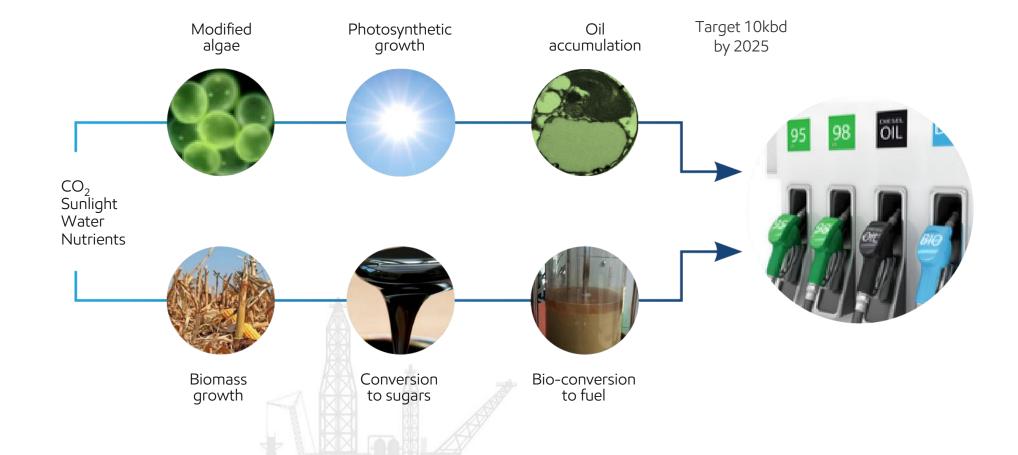


### Emissions peak with shift to lower emission sources





### Low Emissions Transportation with Advanced Biofuels







## Key takeaways from 2040 projections



Energy is fundamental for modern life



Commerce and trade drive transportation energy consumption up more than 25 percent



Global energy demand rises by 20 percent; market demand trends differ for OECD and non-OECD



Global energy related CO<sub>2</sub> emissions peak, but remain above assessed 2°C scenarios



Global electricity demand rises 60 percent



Oil and natural gas remain important energy sources and require significant investment



Almost half of the world's energy is dedicated to industrial activity

# Stay energy informed.

At ExxonMobil, we continually provide information and insight to help broaden your understanding of the issues shaping the world's energy needs. You can stay informed by following us online and through our social channels.

- Visit exxonmobil.com/energyoutlook
- **Subscribe to energyfactor.com**
- Visit exxonmobilperspectives.com
- Follow@exxonmobil
- in Follow linkedin.com/company/exxonmobil
- Follow facebook.com/exxonmobil
- Follow instagram.com/exxonmobil





The Outlook for Energy includes Exxon Mobil Corporation's internal estimates of both historical levels and projections of challenging topics such as energy demand, supply, and trends through 2040 based upon internal data and analyses as well as publicly available information from many external sources including the International Energy Agency. Separate from ExxonMobil's analysis, we include a number of third party scenarios such as the EMF 27 scenarios and the IEAS Sustainable Development Scenario. Third-party scenarios discussed in this report reflect the modeling assumptions and outputs of their respective authors, not ExxonMobil, and their use and inclusion herein is not an endorsement by ExxonMobil of their likelihood or probability. Work on the Outlook and report was conducted during 2018 and the first half of 2019. The report contains forward looking statements, including projections, targets, expectations, estimates and assumptions of future behaviors. Actual future conditions and results (including energy demand, energy supply, the growth of energy demand and supply, the impact of new technologies, the relative mix of energy across sources, economic sectors and geographic regions, imports and exports of energy) could differ materially due to changes in economic conditions, the ability to scale new technologies on a cost-effective basis, unexpected technological developments, the development of new supply sources, changes in law or government policy, political events, demographic changes and migration patterns, trade patterns, the development and enforcement of global, regional or national mandates, and other factors discussed herein and under the heading "Factors Affecting Future Results" in the Investors section of our website at www.exxonmobil.com. This material is not to be used or reproduced without the permission of Exxon Mobil Corporation. All rights reserved.



"Governments have a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to reboot their economies and bring a wave of new employment opportunities while accelerating the shift to a more resilient and cleaner energy future"

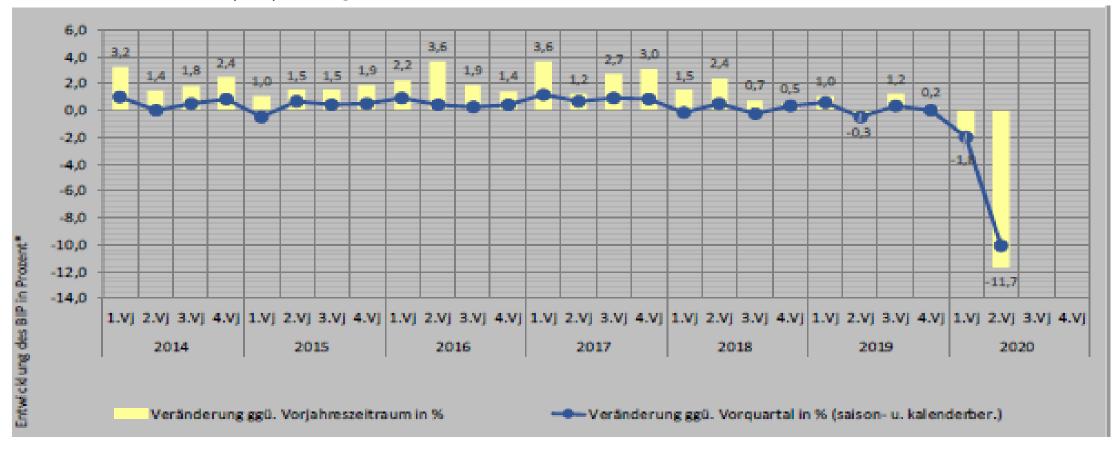
Dr Fatih Birol, IEA Executive Director

# IEA: Covid-19 Impact on Global Economy

- OECD expects the global economy to contract by around 6% in 2020 (no 2<sup>nd</sup> wave during second-half of 2020)
- Global energy demand is estimated to fall by around 6% in 2020 relative to 2019.
  - 8% of the 40 million jobs directly provided by the energy sector are at risk or have already been lost.
  - Oil demand -8% on average across the year. Demand in April -25%; expected to pick up as
    economic activity increases, but a number of uncertainties remain over the speed and magnitude
    of the rebound (IEA, 2020c).
  - Natural gas demand -4%; recent major reduction in gas prices, together with the widespread availability of liquefied natural gas, made it more competitive with coal, including in many Asian countries.
  - Electricity generation from renewables +5% in 2020.
- Annual global CO2 emissions are expected to fall by around 8% in 2020, predominantly due to the
  downturn in economic activity

# GDP Germany

Source: AGEB Quarterly Report August 2020

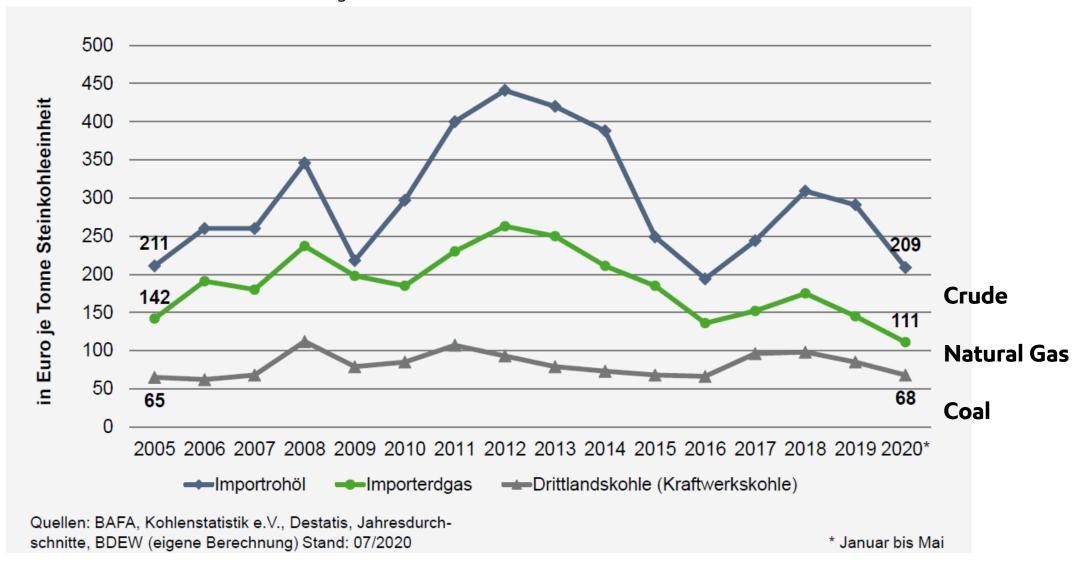


<sup>\*</sup> Statistisches Bundesamt



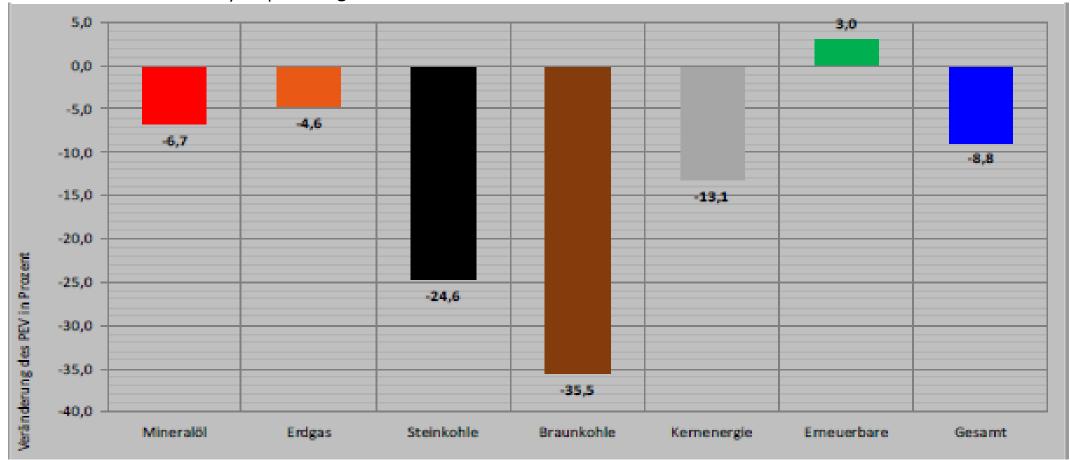
# Price History of selective Import Resources

Source: BDEW Bundesverband der Energie-und Wasserwirtschaft e.V.



# Germany Primary Energy Supply

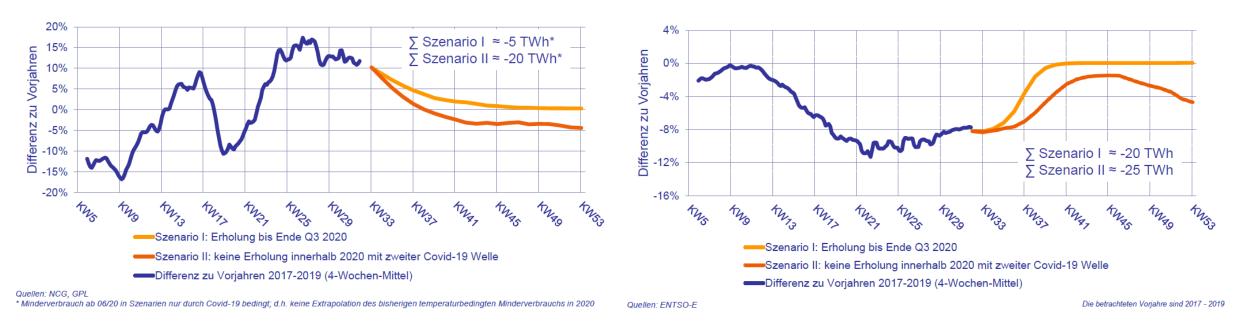
Source: AGEB Quarterly Report August 2020





# Germany Demand of Nat. Gas & Electricity

Source: Team Consult Energiemarktradar 19.8.20



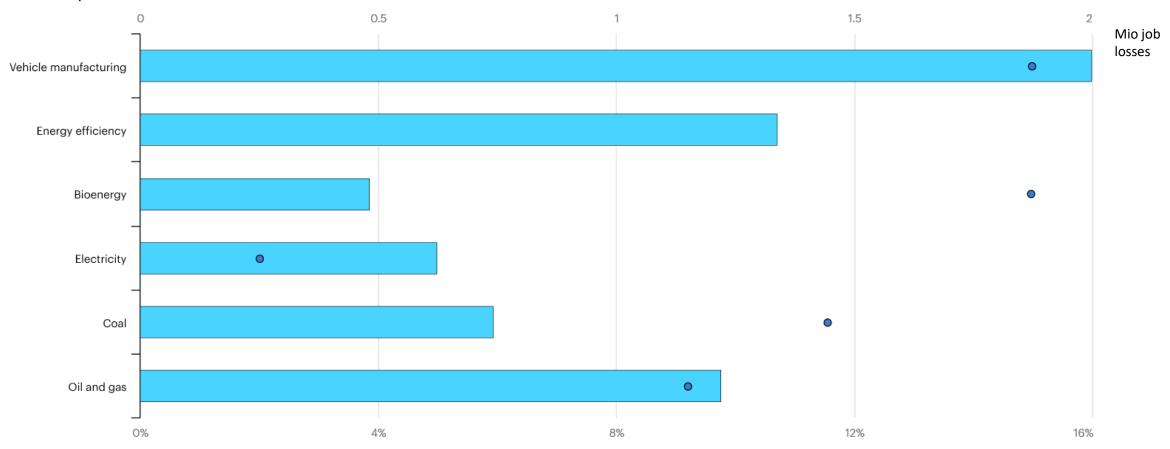
Scenario I: Normalisation of energy demand in the third quarter

Scenario II: Partial normalization of energy demand and renewed tightening of restrictions in the fourth quarter

Comment: Curves and numbers of scenarios are continuously updated

# IEA: Energy sector, energy efficiency and vehicle manufacturing jobs at risk post Covid-19 and share of total sector employment



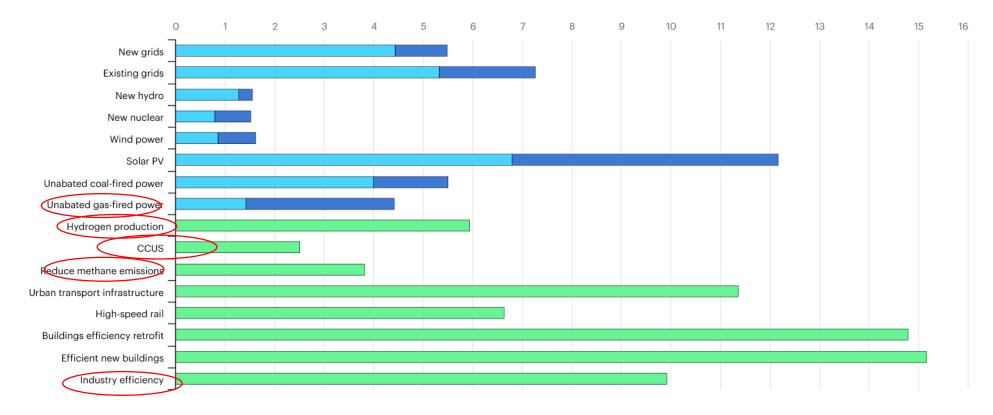


Jobs at structural risk
 Share of sector employment (bottom axis)

## IEA: Construction and manufacturing jobs created per million dollars of capital investment in the Sustainable Recovery Plan

#### Last updated 17 Jun 2020

Job per million dollars



https://www.iea.org/data-and-statistics/charts/construction-and-manufacturing-jobs-created-per-million-dollars-of-capital-investment-in-the-sustainable-recovery-plan

IEA. All Rights Reserved